

## iThenticate Kullanım Kılavuzu

**Lisans anlaşması gereğince iThenticate; sadece taslak makalelerin intihal analizi için kullanılmaktadır.**

**Yetkili Kullanıcılar:** Üniversitelerde doktora derecesi ve üzerinde akademik yetkinliğe sahip öğretim üyelerine kullanım hakkı verilmektedir.

### 1. Adım

**Kullanımı:** Programı kullanmak isteyen akademisyenlerin sisteme tanımlanması için; ad, soyad, bölüm ve dahili telefon bilgilerinin kurum e-postalarından, kurum tarafından yetkilendirilen iThenticate kurum yöneticisine

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Zeki Kavanoz, [zkavanoz@ktu.edu.tr](mailto:zkavanoz@ktu.edu.tr) adresine göndermesi gerekmektedir.

Kurum yöneticisi hesabınızı oluşturduğunda iThenticate üzerinden size tek kullanımlık şifre gelecektir.



### 2. Adım

Üyelik işlemlerinizi gerçekleştirdikten sonra Kütüphane web sayfası, Abone veritabanları sayfasında yer alan iThenticate bağlantısına ya da <http://www.ithenticate.com/> adresine tıklayınız.

Login kısmına tıklayarak e-posta mesajıyla gelen tek kullanımlık şifrenizi girerek yeni şifrenizi belirleyiniz.



### 3. Adım

Gelen sayfada yer alan '**Folders**' sekmesine tıklayarak sağ menüde yer alan "**Upload a File**" seçeneğini seçiniz.

The screenshot shows the iThenticate user interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Folders', 'Settings', 'Account Info', and 'Manage Users'. The 'Folders' menu is highlighted with a red circle. The main content area is titled 'My Documents' and contains a table of documents. A red arrow points to the 'Upload a File' option in the right-hand sidebar.

Title	Report	Author	Processed	Actions
Khaki: A Methodology for the Synthesis of the UNIVAC Computer that Would Allow for Further Study into Reinforcement Learning 1 part - 2,300 words	26%	Beyhan Karpuz	March 4, 2016 2:22:06 PM EET	
deneme 1 part - 2,768 words	74%	beyhan karpuz	January 20, 2016 3:06:13 PM EET	

Açılan sayfada yer alan bilgileri doldurarak makalenizi sisteme yükleyiniz.

The screenshot shows the iThenticate Professional Plagiarism Prevention interface. The main content area is titled 'Upload a file' and contains a form for submitting a document. The form includes the following fields and options:

- Upload to folder:** My Folders - My Documents
- Upload #1:**
  - What is the document title:** Deneme Makale (with a green checkmark)
  - What is the author's first name:** Beyhan (with a green checkmark)
  - What is the author's last name:** Karpuz (with a green checkmark)
- Browse for the file you would like to submit:** Gözet... Hiçbir dosya seçilmedi.
- Buttons:** 'Add another file' (with a plus icon) and 'Upload'.

On the right side, there is a 'Submit a document' section showing '64,782 Pages remaining' and links for 'Upload a File', 'Zip File Upload', and 'Cut & Paste'. Below this is a 'File Requirements' section with the following text:

- Files must be less than 40MB.
- The maximum document length is 400 pages.
- Files must contain at least 20 words of text.
- Files must not exceed 2MB of raw text.
- Zip files may contain up to 200MB or 1,000 files.

**NOT:** "Add another file (başka dosya ekle)" bağlantısına tıklayarak tek seferde 10 dosyaya kadar belge gönderebilirsiniz. Belgeyi ya da belgeleri göndermek için "Upload (Gönder)" düğmesine tıklayınız.

Sağ menüde yer alan "Cut&Paste" seçeneğiyle bir paragrafa ait benzerlik raporunu çıkarabilirsiniz.

#### 4. Adım

Belgenin, benzerlik raporunu görebilmek için gönderdiğiniz belgenin bulunduğu klasör içerisinde, belge isimlerinin sağ tarafında bulunan "similarity report (benzerlik raporu)" simgesine tıklayınız. Raporun oluşturulması genelde birkaç dakika sürmektedir.

Folders Settings Account Info Manage Users Welcome Beyhan KARPUZ | Logout Help

**iThenticate**  
Professional Plagiarism Prevention

Search Trash

My Folders  
My Folders  
My Documents  
Trash

My Documents

Title	Report	Author	Processed	Actions
Khaki: A Methodology for the Synthesis of the UNIVAC Computer that Would Allow for Further Study into Reinforcement Learning	26%	Beyhan Karpuz	March 4, 2016 2:22:06 PM EET	
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Submit a document

64,782 Pages remaining

Upload a File  
Zip File Upload  
Cut & Paste

## 5. Adım

% olarak belirtilen benzerlik raporuna tıklayarak makalenizin hangi makalelerle benzerlik gösterdiğini inceleyerek hazırladığınız makalenin alıntı ve göndermelerini yeniden düzenleyin.

Filtreleme seçeneklerine tıklayarak kaynakça, kısaltma ya da article (a, an, the vb.) seçeneklerini devre dışı bırakarak benzerlik raporunuzu tekrar oluşturabilirsiniz.

04-Mar-2016 02:21PM 2300 words • 10 matches • 3 sources

**iThenticate** Khaki: A Methodology for the Synthesis of the UNIVAC Computer that Would Allow for Further Study into Reinforcement Learning Quotes Excluded Bibliography Excluded 26%

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Match	Source	Words	Percentage
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	Internet - 5 sources	51 words	2%
	Internet - 7 sources	49 words	2%
	CrossCheck	31 words	1%
	CrossCheck	31 words	1%
	CrossCheck	31 words	1%
	Internet - 3 sources	31 words	1%

Filtreleme seçenekleri

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**iThenticate** Khaki: A Methodology for the Synthesis of the UNIVAC Computer that Would  
BY BEYHAN KARPUZ Quotes Excluded Bibliography Excluded **26%** SIMILAR

## Khaki: A Methodology for the Synthesis of the UNIVAC Computer that Would Allow for Further Study into Reinforcement Learning

Mehmet Yilmaz and Yilmaz Demir

### Abstract

Neural networks most work. In fact, few analysts would disagree with the key unification of Lamport clocks and robots, which embodies the confusing principles of cyberinformatics. In order to realize this aim, we probe how erasure coding can be applied to the evaluation of redundancy. Of course, this is not always the case.

### 1 Introduction

Electronic information and massive multiplayer online role-playing games have garnered tremendous interest from both experts and biologists in the last several years. We withhold these results due to space constraints. Given the current status of signed information, futurists dubiously desire the investigation of  $A^*$  search. Therefore, stable modalities and lossless technology offer a viable alternative to the refinement of  $A^*$  search.

In order to fulfill this purpose, we construct an analysis of RAID (Khaki), showing that the famous replicated algorithm for the development of checksums by Q. Kumar et al. is NP-complete. For example, many applications request stable models. Two properties make this approach ideal: our framework follows a Zipf-like distribution, and also Khaki requests "fuzzy" symmetries. Similarly, we emphasize that our method might be analyzed to analyze the visualization of the Internet. Further, Khaki is Turing complete. Combined with relational configurations, it explores new optimal communication.

Embedded frameworks are particularly structured when it comes to suffix trees. For example, many applications explore write-back caches. We emphasize that our method allows vacuum tubes, without refining massive multiplayer online role-playing games. Our heuristic is NP-complete. Combined with virtual models, such a claim refines new modular epistemologies.

The contributions of this work are as follows. We motivate new highly-available methodologies (Khaki), which we use to prove that erasure coding and the lookaside buffer are generally incompatible. Similarly, we probe how DNS can be applied to the study of context-free grammar. We disprove that even though coursework

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Yazıcı işaretine tıklayarak benzerlik raporunuzu pdf şeklinde hazırlayabilirsiniz.

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