

DEPARTMENT OF LAW COURSE SYLLABUS

Course Details												
Code					Ac	Academic Year			Semester			
HUK 159						1	1			1		
Title						Т	4	Α	L	ECTS		
Basic Principles of Constit	utional Law	_aw						-	-	5		
Language	German	German										
Level	Undergra	duate	ate X Graduate Postgra				aduate					
Department / Program	Law	Law										
Forms of Teaching and Learning	Formal Ed	Formal Education										
Course Type	Comp	Compulsory X				Electi	ve					
Objectives		Students are taught the basic principles of constitutional law and they will be able to comprehend the basic information in the field of constitutional law.										
Content		In this course, the basic concepts of constitutional law are examined, discussed, and introduced.										
Course Method and Tech	niques Direct Inst	Direct Instruction Technique										
Prerequisites	-											
Coordinator	Dr. Taner	Dr. Taner Aydin										
Lecturer(s)	Dr. Taner	Dr. Taner Aydin, Prof. Dr. Kyrill-Alexander Schwarz										
Assistant(s)		Research Assist. Dr. Eyüp Kaan Demirkıran, Research Assist. Kemal Başol; Research Assist. Lütfullah Yasin Akbulut, Research Assist. Ceren Hilal Günaydın										
Work Placement	-											
Recommended or Require	ed Reading											
Books / Lecture Notes												
Other Sources	Battis, Ulrich/Gusy, Christoph: Einführung in das staatsrecht Degenhart, Christoph: Staatsrecht I: Staatsorganisationsrecht; Staats und Verwaltungsrecht: Textbuch deutsches Recht (C.F. Müller) Grundgesetz: Beck – Texte im dtv (5003)											
Additional Course Materi	al											
Documents	-											
Assignments	-											
Exams	-											
Course Composition												
Mathematics und Basic Sciences			-							%		
Engineering			-							%		
Engineering Design			-				%					
Social Sciences			100						%			



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Educational Scie	nces	- %						
Natural Sciences	5		%					
Health Sciences			%					
Expert Knowled	ge		-	%				
Assessment								
Activity			Count	Percentage (%)				
Midterm Exam			1	40				
Quiz			-	-				
Assignments			-	-				
Attendance			-	-				
Recitations			-					
Projects			-					
Final Exam			60					
			Total	100				
ECTS Points and	Work Loa	d						
Activity		Count	Duration	Work Load (Hours)				
Lectures	ctures 14		3	42				
Self-Study		14	5	70				
Assignments		-	-	-				
Presentation / S Preparation	eminar			-				
Midterm Exam		1	2	2				
Recitations		-		-				
Laboratory		-	-	-				
Projects		-	-	-				
Final Exam		1	2	2				
Total Work Load 116								
ECTS Points (Total Work Load / 30) 4								
Learning Outcon	nes							
1	Students learn basic concepts of constitutional law.							
2	Students learn basic information about constitutional law and the state of law.							
3	Students learn democratic participation tools and understand political control mechanisms.							
4			ital rights and freedoms of individuals and societion the perspective of German Law.	ty and access to control and				
5	Student German		rms of the state, systems of government, and th	eir characteristics in the light of				
6	Student them.	s gain knowledge abo	out current constitutional issues and develop the	e ability to critically examine				
Weekly Content								



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Introduction, giving information about the course									
Where does the relationship between constitutional law and other branches of law exist in the legalsystem of other branches of law?									
What is the Constitution? What is constitutionalism? What is the place of the Constitution in the basiclegal system?									
			s the state	? What is t	he relation	ship betwee	n the people	e's ruling sta	teand the
The form and qualities of the state 1: democratic and republic									
The form and characteristics of the state 2: state of law, federal state, social state									
The form and characteristics of the state 3: respecting the environment, secular state									
The relationship between the basic characteristics of the State, Midterm Exam									
Basic organs of the state: legislative, executive and judicial power									
Relations between state organs and balance-brake mechanisms									
Legislative power: assemblies, duties and powers of assemblies									
Executive power: president and cabinet, duties and powers									
Judicial judges	power: ind	ependent	courts, dut	ies and po	wers of cou	ırts, indepei	ndence of jud	dges andgua	rantee of
Determining the current constitutional issues and discussing them									
Final Exa	am								
Learning C	Outcomes	to Progran	n Objective	es (1-5)					
P1	P2	Р3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9	P10
3	5	4	5	4	5	3	1	5	5
3	5	5	4	4	5	3	1	5	5
4	5	3	2	5	4	3	1	5	5
4	5	3	2	4	5	3	1	5	4
				4	5	3	1	г	Е
3	5	4	5	4		J	1	5	5
	5 5	4	5	4	5	3	1	5	5
3	5	4	5	4	5		1		_
3 3 vel	5 1: Lo	4 ow 2: Low-	5 intermedia	4 ite 3: Interi	5 mediate 4:	3 High 5: Very	1	5	_
3 3 vel	5 1: Lo	4 ow 2: Low- n/index.as	5 intermedia	4 ite 3: Interi	5 mediate 4:	3 High 5: Very	1 / High	5	_
	Where conforters What is system? What are (democrative form) The form The form The form The rela Basic org Relation Legislati Executive Judicial judges Determing Final Examing Conforters P1 3 3 3	Where does the recof other branches of what is the Constit system? What are the peop (democracy) constit the form and qualification and characters. The form and characters are relationship between the relationship between the Relations between the Relations between the Relations power: Executive power: Executive power: publical power: individges Determining the cut final Exam P1 P2 3 5 3 5 3 5	Where does the relationship of other branches of law? What is the Constitution? What is the Constitution? What are the people? What is (democracy) constitution? The form and qualities of the The form and characteristics. The form and characteristics. The relationship between the Basic organs of the state: legical Relations between state organs. Legislative power: assemblies. Executive power: president and Judicial power: independent judges. Determining the current constitution. Final Exam P1 P2 P3 3 5 4 3 5 5	Where does the relationship between cof other branches of law? What is the Constitution? What is const system? What are the people? What is the state (democracy) constitution? The form and qualities of the state 1: do the form and characteristics of the state. The form and characteristics of the state. The relationship between the basic characteristics of the state. Basic organs of the state: legislative, except Relations between state organs and bale. Legislative power: assemblies, duties are Executive power: president and cabinet Judicial power: independent courts, duting judges Determining the current constitutional Final Exam P1 P2 P3 P4 3 5 4 5 3 5 5 4	Where does the relationship between constitution of other branches of law? What is the Constitution? What is constitutionalism system? What are the people? What is the state? What is the state? What is the form and qualities of the state 1: democratic at the form and characteristics of the state 2: state of the form and characteristics of the state 3: respect the relationship between the basic characteristics. Basic organs of the state: legislative, executive and Relations between state organs and balance-brake Legislative power: assemblies, duties and powers of Executive power: president and cabinet, duties and Judicial power: independent courts, duties and polyudges Determining the current constitutional issues and Final Exam Learning Outcomes to Program Objectives (1-5) P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 3 5 4 5 4 3 5 5 4 6	Where does the relationship between constitutional law and of other branches of law? What is the Constitution? What is constitutionalism? What is system? What are the people? What is the state? What is the relation (democracy) constitution? The form and qualities of the state 1: democratic and republi The form and characteristics of the state 2: state of law, fede The form and characteristics of the state 3: respecting the en The relationship between the basic characteristics of the State Basic organs of the state: legislative, executive and judicial por Relations between state organs and balance-brake mechanis Legislative power: assemblies, duties and powers of assemblies Executive power: president and cabinet, duties and powers Judicial power: independent courts, duties and powers of conjudges Determining the current constitutional issues and discussing Final Exam P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 3 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 3 5 5 4 5 4 5	Where does the relationship between constitutional law and other branch of other branches of law? What is the Constitution? What is constitutionalism? What is the place of system? What are the people? What is the state? What is the relationship between (democracy) constitution? The form and qualities of the state 1: democratic and republic The form and characteristics of the state 2: state of law, federal state, soon the form and characteristics of the state 3: respecting the environment, of the relationship between the basic characteristics of the State, Midterm and characteristics of the state 3: respecting the environment, of the relationship between the basic characteristics of the State, Midterm and companies of the state: legislative, executive and judicial power. Relations between state organs and balance-brake mechanisms Legislative power: assemblies, duties and powers of assemblies Executive power: president and cabinet, duties and powers Judicial power: independent courts, duties and powers of courts, independent pludges Determining the current constitutional issues and discussing them Final Exam Learning Outcomes to Program Objectives (1-5) P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7 3 5 4 5 4 5 3 3 5 5 4 5 4 5 3 3 5 5 5 4 5 5 3	Where does the relationship between constitutional law and other branches of law? What is the Constitution? What is constitutionalism? What is the place of the Constitutionsystem? What are the people? What is the state? What is the relationship between the people (democracy) constitution? The form and qualities of the state 1: democratic and republic The form and characteristics of the state 2: state of law, federal state, social state The form and characteristics of the state 3: respecting the environment, secular state The relationship between the basic characteristics of the State, Midterm Exam Basic organs of the state: legislative, executive and judicial power Relations between state organs and balance-brake mechanisms Legislative power: assemblies, duties and powers of assemblies Executive power: president and cabinet, duties and powers Judicial power: independent courts, duties and powers of courts, independence of judicial power: independent courts, duties and discussing them Final Exam Learning Outcomes to Program Objectives (1-5) P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7 P8 3 5 4 5 4 5 3 1 3 5 5 5 4 4 5 5 3 1	Where does the relationship between constitutional law and other branches of law exist in the leg of other branches of law? What is the Constitution? What is constitutionalism? What is the place of the Constitution in the braystem? What are the people? What is the state? What is the relationship between the people's ruling stat (democracy) constitution? The form and qualities of the state 1: democratic and republic The form and characteristics of the state 2: state of law, federal state, social state The form and characteristics of the state 3: respecting the environment, secular state The relationship between the basic characteristics of the State, Midterm Exam Basic organs of the state: legislative, executive and judicial power Relations between state organs and balance-brake mechanisms Legislative power: assemblies, duties and powers of assemblies Executive power: president and cabinet, duties and powers Judicial power: independent courts, duties and powers of courts, independence of judges andgua judges Determining the current constitutional issues and discussing them Final Exam Place Pa Pa P4 P5 P6 P7 P8 P9 3 5 4 5 4 5 3 1 5 5 3 1 5 5 4 5 5 3 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5